# How to use PST Files to manage your mailbox size

The Army-wide implementation of the Exchange 2003 email system will be limited in some ways. One such limitation is mailbox size. NETCOM has set mailbox size limits for its new email system. These limits will cause some users to employ a different email management strategy than what they've been used to.

### **Mailbox Size Limits**

Mailbox Size	User Category	Description
100 Mb	Standard Users	All Email users except those below
500 Mb	Executive Users	Activity Directors, Deputy Directors, Commanders, Deputy Commanders, and other personnel as directed by the Garrison Commander (GC), Installation Commander (IC) or Commanding General (CG)
1 Gb	VIP Users	Garrison Commanders (GC), Installation Commanders, (IC), General Officers, (GO), Senior Executive Service (SES)

Given these limits, the DOIM is providing the following guidance to assist users in managing their mailbox size. Specifically, this document explains how to create and use PST files (also known as personal folders) to keep mail visible and organized but out of the user's mailbox.

The following tasks are addressed in this document:

- 1. Create New PST files
- 2. Create sub-folders to store mail items
- 3. Move mail manually using drag and drop or copy and paste
- 4. Move mail automatically using Rules
- 5. Move mail using AutoArchive

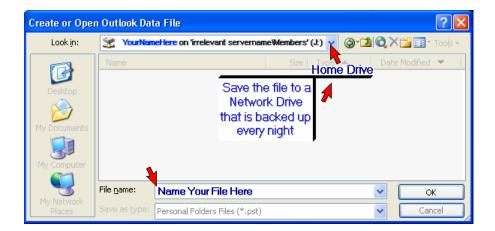
### 1. Create New PST Files in Microsoft Outlook

- 1. File | New Outlook Data File →
- 2. Select
  Office Outlook Personal Folders File (.pst)





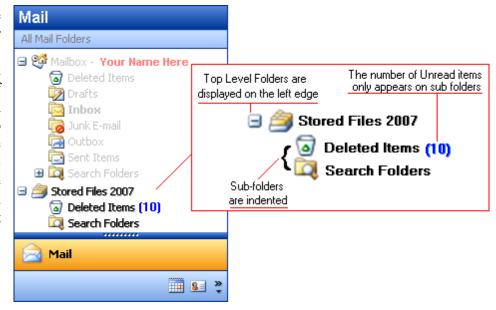
3. Name it/Save it  $\rightarrow$ 

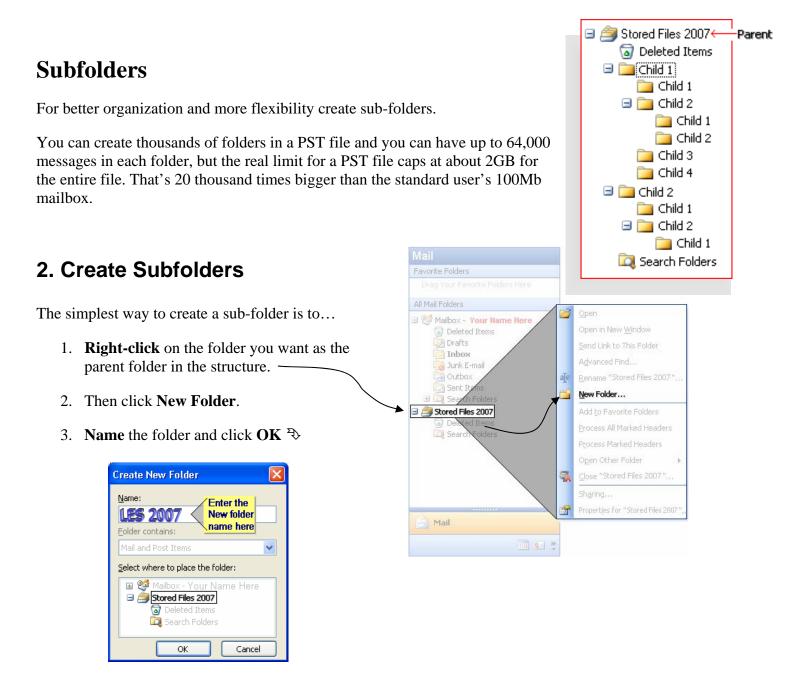


# **Organize**

When first created, a PST has only two containers; <u>Deleted Items</u> and <u>Deleted Folders</u>.

You could place items in the either the top level folder, ( End Stored files 2007) or into the deleted items folder. However, that doesn't provide much organization, and there's a problem if you want to see how many unread items there are in a given folder. Top level folders can not display the number of unread items, only subfolders can. This means if there are any unread items stored in a top level folder, there's no visual indication of it in the folder list.





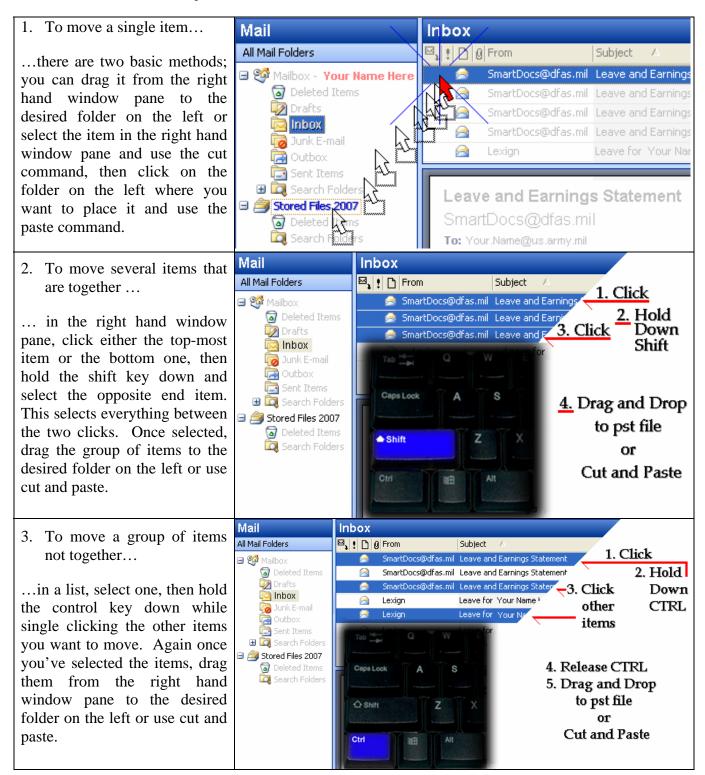
...and you have a new empty container in which to store mail items.

### **Move Mail**

There are three basic ways of moving mail out of your mailbox into your PST folders.

- 1. Manually; Drag items from one folder to another or by use cut and paste.
- 2. Automatically; Create rules that will move specified incoming mail to locations you designate.
- 3. Archiving; Outlook's Auto Archive tool can move mail at a predetermined schedule.

## 3. Move Mail Manually



## 4. Move mail automatically using Rules

In Microsoft Outlook, rules automatically handle incoming mail. Rules examine incoming messages to see if specific criteria are met. If so, the incoming message can be automatically moved to another folder, deleted, forwarded or anything else you could normally do with an incoming message.

#### Example

Illustrated below is only one example of the many uses for Outlook's **Rules and Alerts Wizard**.

Every month I receive a leave and earnings statement. This example rule will be set up to move all incoming messages with the phrase "Leave and Earnings Statement" in the subject line to a pst file.

Mail To create this new rule. All Mail Folders Click on the Inbox folder in Outlook to ensure the new rule acts on all messages 🖃 🥰 Mailbox - Your Name Here coming into the Inbox... Deleted Items Drafts Inbox File Edit View Go 🔰 Junk E-mail Rules and Alerts... From Outlook's **Tools menu** select 🗃 Outbox Out of Office Assistant.. **Rules and Alerts** Mailbox Cleanup... Rules and Alerts Empty "Deleted Items" Folder ■ Search Folders Options... E-mail Rules M. 🖪 🗐 Stored Files 2007. Deleted Items In Rules and Alerts Search Folders click New Rule. NOTE: There are two steps to each part of this process. Rules Wizard Start creating a rule from a template Start from a blank rule ✓ Select Start from a blank rule Step 1: Select when messages should be checked Check messages when they arrive ✓ Select Check messages when they arrive Step 2: Edit the rule description (click an underlined value) ✓ Click Next. Apply this rule after the message arrives Rules Wizard  $\times$ Cancel < Back Next > Finish Which condition(s) do you want to check? Step 1: Select condition(s) ✓ with specific words in the subject

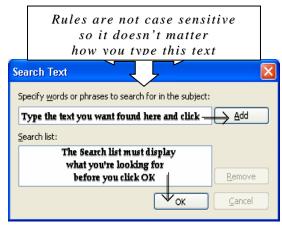
in Place a check mark in 'with specific words in the subject' marked as sensitivity ...in step 2 Step 2: Edit the rule description (click an underlined value) click the **specific words** link Apply this rule after the message arrive: vith **specific words** in the subject Continued < <u>B</u>ack Cancel Next > Finish

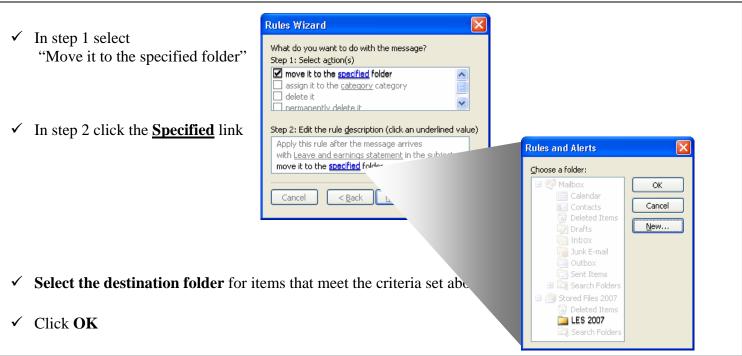
#### Continued

- ✓ Enter words or phrases to search for
- ✓ Then **click Add** to place them on the search list

#### NOTE:

Populate the search list before you click OK →





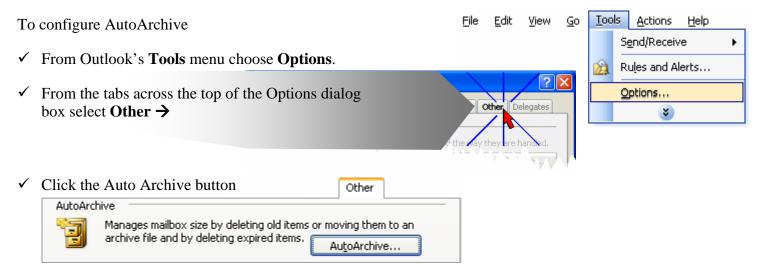
This rule is complete and ready for review

- ✓ Step 1 displays a name for the rule
- ✓ Step 2
  - Run this rule now on messages already in the Inbox All items currently in the Inbox are checked to see if they match the criteria shown in step 3
  - Turn on this rule
  - ...must be checked for this rule to fire. You have the option of turning rules on or off. A rule that forwards mail to my home account might only be useful when I'm not in the office. It can be turned off when I'm in the office but kept so I don't need to re-create it.
- ✓ Step 3 Describes what the finished rule will do.
- ✓ Click Finish



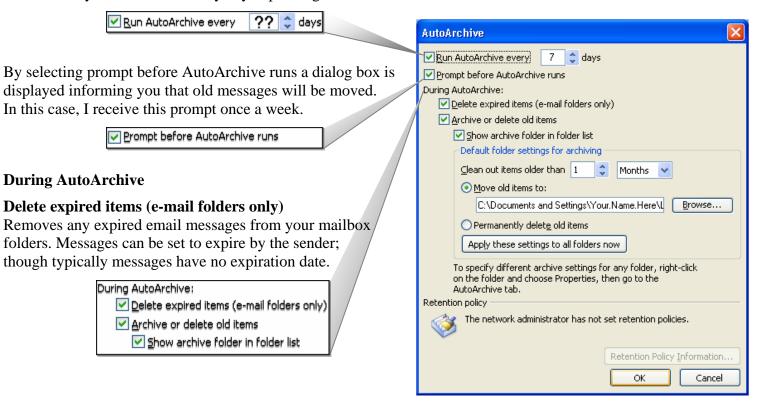
## 5. Move mail using AutoArchive

Moving Mail with the AutoArchive tool is probably the best method of the 3 because of the 'set it and forget it' nature of the tool. Once the AutoArchive tool is configured, it will automatically move old mail items from your inbox to a specified PST file at a predetermined interval helping you keep your mailbox size easier to manage.

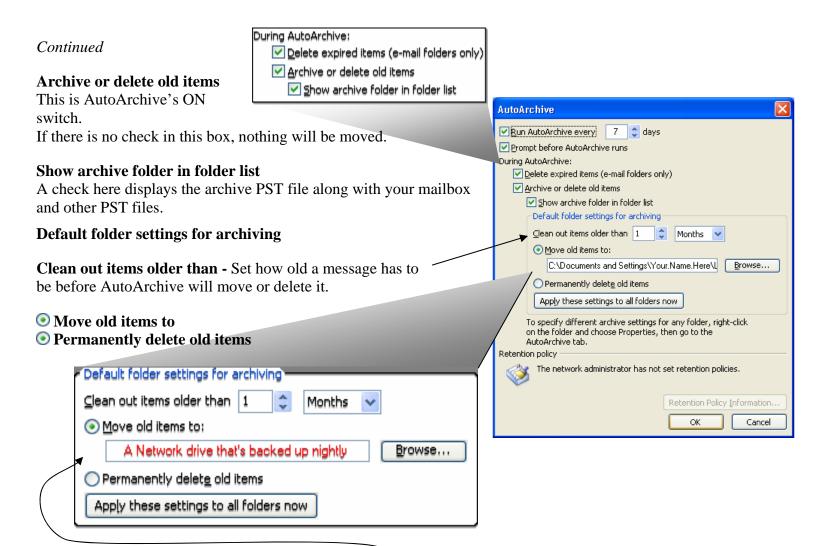


# **AutoArchive Settings**

Running AutoArchive every week helps keep my mailbox size low. Some users may not need to run it that often but some may want to run it every day depending on the amount of email traffic received.



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The last choice to make is whether to move old items or permanently delete them. If you select the option to permanently delete old items, that's exactly what this tool will do. But if you choose to move old items, then you must tell AutoArchive where you want them moved. The best location to save your archive PST file is to a **network drive that is backed up every night**. If you do not have a home drive, ask your IMO for assistance.

#### **WARNING!**

Saving your PST files on your local hard drive runs the risk of losing all your data in the event of a catastrophic hard disk failure

Once you've set the parameters in this dialog box, click  $\mathbf{OK}$  and forget it. Outlook will continue to archive your old items until you change these settings.